ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2022-23)

STD: VI ENGLISH Marks: 50

SECTION A: READING

I.Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow: (10 Marks)

Power of the Press

The newspaper is one of the significant signs of modern civilization. It is the most popular form of reading in the present time because it interests all sorts of people. It is full of political news, sports and commercial news as well as articles by well-known writers. A newspaper keeps us both entertained and informed.

In these days of democracy, public opinion rulers rules everywhere. No government can long withstand the pressure of a strong public opinion. It is, therefore, quite clear that if the press controls public opinion and public opinion in turn controls the government, ultimately the press controls the government. It acts as an interpreter between the government and the people and bring the rulers and the ruled together.

The press also acts as a public court. All evils, corruptions, vices, scandals etc., are given publicity and brought forth to the public through the medium of newspapers. The pressure of public opinion can be brought to bear upon the forth to the public through the medium of newspapers. The pressure of public opinion can be brought to bear upon the doers of evil and Injustice. The oppressed and the downtrodden may easily demand justice at the bar of public opinion.

Again, to build a nation, it becomes necessary to spread the ideas of liberty and independence among the masses. The real freedom of a country is never possible without the upliftment of the common people. Politicians as well as economics can circulate their ideas easily through newspapers as they reach the most distant corners in the shortest possible time.

Newspapers also tell people what their rights are and teach them how they can protect and exercise these rights. By placing before the readers new view-points everyday, they stimulate thought and increase the power of independent thinking. Thus, newspapers contribute to the development of knowledge and their

educative influence is indeed immense. These advantages of having a strong, Independent and honest press far outweigh the evils practiced by a few cheap, irresponsible newspapers. The newspaper is one of the greatest blessings of civilization and journalism, and therefore, it should be allowed to have the maximum amount of freedom possible. Restrictions on newspapers should be as few as possible in order to ensure the healthy growth of a nation. In the present stage of developing civilization, newspapers are an absolute necessity, and given freedom of expression, they are capable of doing immense good to the society ,country and world. Thus, the freedom of Press is the first requisite for freedom of the people.

i)	Give three reasons to show the importance of the newspapers.	(2)
ii)	How does public opinion rule everywhere in case of democracy?	(2)
iii)	Why is the freedom of the press essential?	(1)
iv)	When can real freedom come to existence?	(1)
v)	Which word in the passage means 'Crushed'. (Para 3)	(1)
vi)	Find out the antonym of discourage. (Para 5)	(1)
vii)	Find the synonym of enormous. (Para 5)	(1)
viii)	Find the antonym of restriction (Para 7)	(1)

SECTION B: WRITING

II. You are Atul, the editor of the school magazine. You want to hold an Inter-Class Drawing Competition for the school magazine. Draft a notice inviting entries.

Mention details like date, material required and prizes. (5)

Ill. a). You are Ganesh/Gauri, living in Lakshmi Nagar, Delhi. You have received an unsatisfactory report of your brother Abhinav, studying in college and he stays in a hostel. Write a letter to him advising him to work hard for the final examination.

Or (5)

- b). Write an application to your school Principal to grant you sick leave for 2 days as you are suffering from cold and fever.
- IV. Write a short paragraph on any one of the following:
- a). My Aim in Life.

Or

b) My unforgettable memory. (3)

SECTION C: GRAMMAR

V. Choose the correct options to complete these sentences.	(3)
1. The participants(was/were) waiting backstage for their turn.	
2. Mathematics(has/have) always been my favourite subject.	
3. A pile of books(is/are) lying on the table.	
VI. Fill in the blanks with appropriate articles given in brackets. (a, an, the)	(3)
4 Leaning Tower of Pisa was completed in the fourteenth century	'.
5. It was built in three stages over period of 199 years.	
6. India isonly country to have an ocean named after it.	
VII. Rearrange the jumbled words to make sentences:	(2)
7. cells/from/are/made / mainly / the / proteins	
8. plants/from/animals/and/both / are/proteins/obtained	
VIII. Write these sentences in the passive voice.	(2)
9. Riya is arranging the bookshelf.	
10. Grandfather watered the plants.	
SECTION D: LITERATURE	
IX. Read the following extract and answer the questions that follow:	
11. "Too boring "	(2)
a) Name the lesson.	
b) What is "Too boring "here?	
12. "We have been tricked!"	(3)
a) Name the lesson.	
b) Why did they say so?	
c) Who have been tricked here?	

X Answer the following:	
13. What was the 'game' that every child in the school had to play?	(2)
14. What are the things normal people do that the poet talks about?	(2)
14. Which day was Peter's favourite day? Why?	(2)
15.Write the meaning of the following lines:	
"All that you do is match the words	
To the brightest thoughts in your head ".	(2)
16. Who says this to whom and why?	

(1.5)

(2.5)

"My wife knows best how to run the house".

17. How do desert animals survive without water?

ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2022-23

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Time: 2hrs

i.താഴെക്കൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്ന ഖണ്ഡിക വായിച്ച് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾക്ക് ഉത്തരം എഴുതുക.

മുന്നൂറ് കൊല്ലം മുമ്പ് കലക്കത്തു കുഞ്ചൻ നമ്പ്യാർ ആവിഷ്മരിച്ച ജനകീയ കലാരൂപമാണ് ഓട്ടൻതുള്ളൽ.സാധാരണക്കാരന്റെ കഥകളി എന്നും ഓട്ടൻ തുള്ളൽ അറിയപ്പെടുന്നു. നർമ്മവും ആക്ഷേപഹാസ്യവും സാമൂഹിക വിശകലനവും എല്ലാം ചേർത്ത് ആകർഷകമായി രചിച്ച പാട്ടുകൾ ബഹുജനങ്ങൾക്ക് ആകർഷകമാം വിധം ചടുല ന്യത്തമായി അവതരിപ്പിക്കുകയാണ് ഓട്ടൻതുള്ളലിൽ. ലളിതമായ വേഷവും നാടോടി സ്വഭാവമുള്ള അംഗചലനങ്ങളുമാണ് തുള്ളലിന്. മിക്കപ്പോഴും ക്ഷേത്രത്തിന് പുറത്താണ് അവതരിപ്പിച്ചിരുന്നത്.ചാക്യാർ കൂത്തിന് പകരമായി ആണ് ഓട്ടൻ തുള്ളൽ കുഞ്ചൻ നമ്പ്യാർ അവതരിപ്പിച്ചത്. അന്നത്തെ സാമൂഹിക സാമ്പത്തിക വ്യവസ്ഥയ്ക്കും മുൻവിധികൾക്കും എതിരായ ഒരു പ്രതിഷേധമായിരുന്നു ഓട്ടൻതുള്ളൽ.

ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ (5 x 1 - 5)

- 1.ആരാണ് തുള്ളൽ എന്ന കലാരൂപം ആവിഷ്കരിച്ചത്?
- 2 ഏത് കലാരൂപത്തിന് പകരമാണ് ഓട്ടൻതുള്ളൽ ആവിഷ്കരിച്ചത്?
- 3. ഓട്ടൻ തുള്ളലിനെ ഏത് പേരിൽ അറിയപ്പെടുന്നു. ?
- 4. എന്തിനെതിരെയുള്ള പ്രതിഷേധമാണ് തുള്ളൽ?
- 5. തുള്ളൽ എവിടെയാണ് അവതരിപ്പിക്കുന്നത് ?

II.ശരിയായ ഉത്തരം തെരഞ്ഞെടുത്തെഴുതുക

(10 x 1-10)

1. ഹരിദ്വാറിനെ സവിശേഷമാക്കുന്ന നദി ഏത്?

ഗ്രംഗ, യമുന, കാവേരി , ബ്രഹ്മ പുത്ര)

2. പച്ചിലകൾ കടിച്ച് ചാഞ്ചാടുന്നതാര്?

(മഞ്ഞക്കിളി, ശലഭങ്ങൾ, പശുക്കുട്ടി, ആട്ടിൻ കുട്ടി)

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3.ചകോര പക്ഷിയെ ശകുനം കണ്ട് ദ്വാരക യിലേക്ക് പോയതാര് ?
(ശ്രീകൃഷ്ണൻ,അർജുനൻ, കുചേലൻ, ഭീമൻ)
4.ഏത് പദത്തിൽ നിന്നാണ് സാലറി എന്ന പദം ഉണ്ടായത് ?
 (സലേറിയം, സാലറിയം , സലറിയം , സെലറി)
5.വിടപി കൂട്ടം കാഴ്ച മറക്കുന്നത് എന്തുകൊണ്ടാണ് ?
(വൃക്ഷങ്ങളാൽ , പക്ഷികളാൽ, പത്രപംക്തിയാൽ , പച്ചപ്പുല്ലുകളാൽ )
6. അങ്കണം എന്ന പദത്തിന്റെ പര്യായങ്ങൾ ഏതെല്ലാം ?
(സത്വരം, ചത്വരം, മനോഹരം, മുറ്റം)
7. സ്വാർഥൻ എന്ന പദത്തിന്റെ വിപരീതം ഏത്?
  (നിസ്വാർഥർ, അസ്വാർഥൻ, അസ്വസ്ഥൻ)
8. അല്ലൽ എന്ന പദത്തിന്റെ അർഥം?
 (ദുഃഖം, സന്തോഷം , രാത്രി, പകൽ)
9. ഏവം എന്ന പദത്തിന് സമാനമായ പദം ഏത്?
  (അപ്രകാരം, ഇപ്രകാരം, എപ്രകാരം, അങ്ങനെ)
10. നർത്തനമാടുക എന്നതിന്റെ ശരിയായ പിരിച്ചെഴുത്ത് രൂപം?
  (M_1 \otimes M_2 \otimes M_3 \otimes M_4 \otimes M_
III.ചേരുംപടി ചേർക്കുക
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (5 \times 1-5)
1 ഉമാകേരളം - കട്ടക്കയത്തിൽ ചെറിയാൻ മാപ്പിള
2. കേശവീയം - കാളിദാസൻ
3. രഘുവംശം - വള്ളത്തോൾ
4. ശ്രീയേശു വിജയം -കെ.സി.കേശവപിള്ള
5. ചിത്രയോഗം - ഉള്ളൂർ
IV 1. വിഗ്രഹിക്കുക
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (1)
a) ശ്രാവണത്തുമ്പി b) സമുദ്ര സഞ്ചാരം
2. നാനാർഥം എഴുതുക
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (2)
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c) നവo d) പക്ഷo

3.അർത്ഥവ്യത്യാസം വരാത്ത രീതിയിൽ വാക്യം മാറ്റി എഴുതുക. (2) e)ഈ സ്ഥിതിവിശേഷത്തിന് ഇരയാകേണ്ടത് ഇന്നത്തെ ജീവികൾ മാത്രമല്ല. f)നിരവധി ആശ്രമങ്ങളും സത്രങ്ങളും ധർമ്മശാലകളും ഹരിദ്വാറിൽ കാണാം.

V.കവിത എഴുതുക (4)

1. പിൻവിളി -എന്ന കവിതയിലെ എട്ട് വരി എഴുതുക.

VI കത്തെഴുതുക (4)

1. നിങ്ങളുടെ നാട്ടിലെ ഉത്സവാഘോഷത്തിൽ പങ്കെടുക്കാൻ സുഹൃത്തിനെ ക്ഷണിച്ചു കൊണ്ട് കത്തെഴുതുക.

VII ഉത്തരം എഴുതുക. (6 X 2 - 12)

1.ഹിമാലയത്തിലേക്കുള്ള യാത്രയിൽ ഹരിദ്ധാറിനുള്ള പ്രാധാന്യം എന്ത് ?

2.ശൈശവത്തിന്റെ സവിശേഷത എന്താണെന്നാണ് കവി പറയുന്നത് ?

3.സ്റ്റീഫൻ ഹോക്കിങ് ഏതെല്ലാം വിഷയങ്ങളിലാണ് നൂതന സിദ്ധാന്തങ്ങൾ ആവിഷ്കരിച്ചത് ?

4.ശമ്പളത്തിന് സാലറി എന്ന പേര് വന്നത് എങ്ങനെ ?

5.വൈകുന്നേരം ഹർക്കി പൗഡിയിലേക്ക് ചെന്നാൽ കാണുന്ന കാഴ്ചകൾ എന്തെല്ലാം ?

6:മലിനീകരണത്തിന്റെ തുടക്കം എപ്പോൾ മുതലായിരുന്നു.

VIII. ലഘു ഉപന്യാസം എഴുതുക

1.പരിസ്ഥിതി മലിനീകരണം എന്ന വിഷയത്തെക്കുറിച്ച് ലഘു ഉപന്യാസം എഴുതുക.

(5)

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l.	Choose the correct answer from the brackets.	15)
	1. 1000 g = kg.	
	[1,10,100] 2. 5kg 52 m + 2 km265m + 1km 30 m =	
	[8.347 km , 12.085 km , 10.347 km]	
	3. The perimeter of a regular pentagon with each side measuring 3 cm is [15cm, 9cm, 12cm]	
	4. Perimeter of a square of side 'a' unit is [4a , 3a , 5 a]	
	5. The amount of surface enclosed by a closed figure is called [perimeter , length , area]	
	6. 2 [length + breadth]	
	[Area of a rectangle , perimeter of a rectangle , perimeter of a square]
	7. A circle has number of line symmetry .	
	[1, 2, many]	
	8. The branch of Mathematics in which we studied shapes is called	
	[Arithmetics , Geometry , Algebra]	
	9. 5m = 60 , then m =	
	[10,12,5]	
	10. r - 4 = 0 , then r =	
	[4,-4,0]	
	11. The ratio of 25 and 20 is	
	[5:4, 4:5, 1:2]	
	12. An equilateral triangle has line of symmetry. [1,2,3]	
	[1,2,5] 13. 5mm =cm.	
	[0.5 , 5.1 , 0.05]	
	14. The lowest form of 0.04 is	
	14. The lowest form of 0.04 is	
	15. A pictograph represents data through of objects.	
	[Number , Tally , Picture]	
	[

II. Write necessary steps.

16. Kanchan bought a water melon weighing 5kg 200g out of this she gave 2kg750 g to her neighbours. What is the weight of the Watermelon left with Kanchan? (2)

17. Substract 202.54 from 250 m. (2) 18. The area of a rectangular garden 50m long is 300 sq.m. Find the width of the garden. (2) 19. Determine if the following are in proportion (2) 15,4045,120 20. Find the perimeter of each of the following shapes (3) a. A triangle of sides 3 cm, 4 cm, 5 cm. b. An equilateral triangle of side 8 cm. c. An isosceles triangle with equal sides 8cm and third side 6 cm. 21. Give the expression for the following cases . (3) a. 10 added to b. first y multiplied by 2, then 5 subtracted from the product. c. 12 subtracted from z. 22. If the cost of 7m cloth is Rupees 1470, find the cost of 5m of cloth. (3) 23. Rahul bought 4 kg 90 g of apples , 2 kg 60 g grapes and 1 kg 300 g of mangoes . Find the total weight of fruits? (3) 24. Following is the choice of sweets of 30 students of class VI. (5) Ladoo, Barfi, Ladoo, Jalebi, Ladoo, Rasgulla, Jalebi, Ladoo, Barfi, Rasgulla, Ladoo, Jalebi, Jalebi, Rasgulla, Ladoo, Rasgulla, Jalebi, Ladoo, Rasgulla, Ladoo, Barfi, Rasgulla, Rasgulla, Jalebi, Rasgulla, Ladoo, Rasgulla, Jalebi, Ladoo a. Arrange the names of sweet in a table using Tally Mark. b. Which sweet is preferred by most of the students? 25. Using rulers and compasses construct the following angles. (5) 30°, 60°, 120°, 45°, 90° 26. Complete the table. (5)

Shape	Number of lines of symmetry
Equilateral triangle	_
Square	
Rectangle	
Rhombus	
Circle	

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STD – 6.	SCIENCE.	Marks : 50
ı.	Choose the correct answer and write	(1×5=5)
	1. The gas present in the air which helps in burning is	
	a. Oxygen b. Nitrogen c. Carbon dioxide	
	d. None of these	
	2. Garbage is a	
	a. Solid waste b. Liquid waste c. Gaseous waste d. Bio- deg	radable waste
	3. A magnetic compass tells us about	
	a. Distance travelled b. Speed c. Direction d. Motion	
	4. The number of terminals in an electric cell is	
	a. Two b. Three c. Four d. Five	
	5. Which of the following is a terrestrial habitat? a. River b. Air c. Tropical forest d. Pond	
II.	Fill in the blanks	(1×5=5)
	6. The motion that repeats itself after some period of time is called	•
	7. Converting plant and animal waste including that from kitchen, int	
	called .	
	8. The layer of air around the earth is known as	
	9. No rain fall for a year or more may lead to in that region	
	10. A magnet always has poles.	
III. Write	True or False	(1×5=5)
	11. Rubber is a magnetic material.	
	12. Instead of metal wires, a jute string can be used to make a circuit.	
	13. Several kinds of plants and animals may share the same habitat.	
	14. Light always takes a rectilinear path.	
	15. The strength of the magnet is at the centre of the bar magnet	
IV. Answe	er the following questions	
16.	What is a switch?	(1)
17.	Define a landfill.	(1)
18.	What is vermicompost ?	(1)
19.	What is stimuli ?	(1)
20. F	low are shadows formed ?	(1)
21. [Differentiate conductors and insulators with examples.	(2)
22. W	rite two properties of a magnet.	(2)
23. Wł	y does a lump of cotton wool shrink in water?	(2)

24. An electrician use rubber gloves and tools like screwdrivers or pliers having plastic or rubber covers on them for repair works. Give reason. (2) 25. How plants and animals help eachother to maintain the balance of oxygen and carbon dioxide level in nature? (2) 26. What is rainwater harvesting? Explain the techniques used for this purpose. (3) 27. Define reflection. State the laws of reflection with an illustrative diagram. (3) 28. How is a compass used to find directions? (3)29. What is the S. I unit of distance? The height of a person is 1.78 m. Express it into cm and mm. (3) 30. What are the features found in camels that enable them to live in deserts? (3) 31. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below. (5)

The trash spread over the particular region is called as garbage pollution. There is not only one reason behind garbage pollution. The stubborn habit of people of not throwing the garbage in dustbins is one of the major issues behind garbage collection. Municipal corporation of cities sometimes lacks by the responsibility of cleaning the garbage.

These days special bin boxes are equipped in every area for collecting dry and wet trash, as well as biodegradable and non – biodegradable waste. But due to mismanagement of the authority pile of litters invite flies and other harmful insects. Some of the shocking facts about garbage pollution are

- Annually 14 billion pounds garbage is dumped in the Ocean.
- In a survey, it is found that an individual in the U. S daily produces 2 gram of garbage.
- Around the globe, UAE is declared as the biggest waste producer.
- In India over 80% of industrial waste is released in River Ganges.
- It is said that by the year 2050, around 937 million plastics will be dumped in oceans. Waste management is the treatment of waste by decomposing or recycling it for further use. Various NGOs, Campaigns, Government programmes are working for a clean environment. Regarding this, a clean India Campaign named, "Swatch Bharat Abhiyan" was launched by the government. As a citizen of a country, it is necessary to be aware of the harmful effects of garbage pollution.

(a)	What is garbage?	(1)
(b)	What are the two types of waste generated?	(1)
(c)	In India over 80% of industrial waste is released in	(1)
(d)	Which country is declared as the biggest waste producer?	(1)
(e)	Name the campaign launched by the government of India to ke	ep our country
	clean.	(1)

ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2022-23

CLASS: VI SOCIAL STUDIES MARKS: 50

MCQ (5)

- Which is the largest continent?
 (Africa, Asia, Australia)
- 2) Glaciers are found in (The mountains, the plains, the plateaus)
- In a panchayat the elected members are called (Punchs, councilor, members)
- 4) Kanungo is the other name of (Tehsildar, Patwari, land owner)
- 5) The southernmost Himalayas are known as (Shiwalik, Himadri, Himachal)
- 6) The World's highest rainfall occurs in (Mumbai, Asansol, Mausynram)
- Alexander was a ruler who lived in (Rome, Greece, Mecedonia)
- 8) The Vinaya Pitaka is a sacred text of (The Buddhist's, The Sikhs, The Jainas)
- Ashoka was a (Hindu, Jaina, Buddhist)
- Shrenis were associations of (Rulers, herders, crafts persons)

FILL IN THE BLANKS (5)

- 11) Was a great astronomer.
- 12) Stories about gods and goddesses are found in the
- 13)Forest in Gujarat is the home of Asiatic Lions.
- 14) The Great Indian Desert lies to thepart of India.
- 15)areas are rich in mineral deposits.

NAME THE FOLLOWING (10)

- 16) Taxes on crops
- 17) The most important of the Janapadas.
- 18) The religion founded by Buddha.
- 19) Script used in Ashokas time.
- 20) List of ancestors.
- 21) Solid portion of the Earth.
- 22) Vast strech of flat land.
- 23) A vast Sandy strech of land.
- 24) Day to day changes in the atmosphere.
- 25) The elected representative of the ward.

- 26) Municipal corporation
- 27) Harvest
- 28) Terrace farming
- 29) Vendor
- 30) Climate
- 31) Monsoon
- 32) Peninsula
- 33) Corals
- 34) Stupa
- 35) Epic

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING (12)

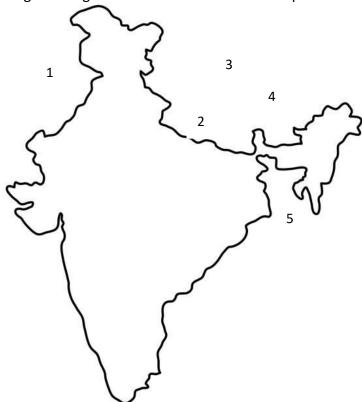
- 36) What is tax?
- 37) Mention three authors who wrote about Harshavardhana.
- 38) Why did king want to control the silk route.?
- 39) Write any two main features of Bhakti.
- 40) Name the major physical divisions of India
- 41) Make a list of the occupations of the people who lived within the Mouryan Empire.

42) VALUE BASED QUESTIONS (3)

- 1) What should we do to use the land and water properly?
- 2) Why are plateaus called store house of minerals?

43) MAP WORK (5)

Indentify the neighbouring countries of India from the map.



ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2022-23 INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Std: VI INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY Marks:50

I. Choose the correct answer from the brackets.(5) 1. The acronym f9 stands for (Fine, Nine, Funny) 2. Ctrl Q keys are used to -----(Open flash, Design Flash, Exit flash) 3. Which operators are used to compare two numeric values? (Mathematical, Logical, Relational) 4. The show the name and path of a QBASIC file. (Title bar, Status bar, Menu bar) 5. Which command is used to assign constants to variables? (LET, INPUT, PRINT) II. Fill in the blanks. (5) 6. The extension of QBASIC program is -----7. The default width of line is-----8. You can change the direction of the text using ----- tool. 9. To select an entire row click on the ----- heading. 10. Flash cs6 file have an extension-----. III. Match the followings. (5) 11. Social network site Video conferencing 12. Netiquettes Facebook 13. Trueconf Rules followed during online communication 14. Newsgroup Email 15. Cc:Field Online community. IV. Write true or false. (5) 16. Ctrl+S opens the save dialog box. 17. The text tool can only write horizontal text. 18. Computers have their own languages and syntax. 19. The LET command is used to display the result. 20. The width of a line cannot be changed. V. Guess Who I am(5) 21. I am one of the basic programming languages known. 22. I am a command used to clear the screen. 23. I am a like an online journal. 24. I am a multi-word name in short. 25. I am the place to write the QBASIC programs. VI. Write the use of the following statements of QBASIC. (5x2=10)26. PRINT 27. LET 28. END 29. CLS 30. INPUT. VII. Write the keyboard shortcuts for the following. (5) 31. To open a new document in Flash. 32. To exit a flash document. 33. To save a flash document. 34. To open an existing document of flash. 35. To display the format cell dialog box.

36. Write the steps to save a Flash document?

VIII. Answer the followings. (10)

- 37. How many types of operators are used in QBASIC?38. How is the Line tool different from the Pencil tool?39. Write a QBASIC program to display the sum of five numbers?40. What is cell address?

ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2022 – 23

CLASS: VI	GK	<i>MARK : 50</i>
I. Choose the correct answer	from the bracket.	(10)
1.where was the first Indian p	ost office outside the country established?	
a)newyork b)London c) Antar	tica	
2. Sunny days is the autobiogr	aphy of	
a)Kapildev b)Sunil gavasker c)	gundappa viswanath	
3. Archery is the national gam	e of	
a) Bhutan b)Bangladesh c) Chi	na	
4.which continent is represen	ted by the yellow coloured ring in the Olympics logo	
a)Africa b)America c)Asia		
5.Golden temple is situated in		
a) Amritsar b) shreenagar c) n	nylapore	
6.number of borns in human	vertebral column	
A)22 b)33 c)66		
7.The study of muscles is calle	ed	
a) myology b)cardiology c) ne	urology	
8.cardiologist specialised in		
a) heart b) born c) kidney		
9.The inventor of the world w	ide web is	
a)Bill gates b) sabeer Bhatia c	Tim berneslee	
10.The red planet is		
a) Mars b) Venus c)Mercury		
II. Match the following.	(6	5)

Kidney

11. Meningitis

12. Conjunctivitis	Gum	
13. Pneumonia	Brain	
14. Nephritis	Liver	
15. Piorrea	Lungs	
16. Jaundice	Eye	
		<i>(</i> -)
III. Name the scientist.		(5)
17. Who discovered small pox vacci	ne ?	
18. Who discovered circulation of b	lood ?	
19. Who discovered Rabies vaccine	?	
20. Who discovered penicillin?		
21. Who discovered dialysis ?		
IV. Answer the following.		(11)
IV. Answer the following.		(11)
IV. Answer the following.22. the biggest mammal		(11)
		(11)
22. the biggest mammal	o known as	(11)
22. the biggest mammal23. Horticulture is the study of	o known as	(11)
22. the biggest mammal23. Horticulture is the study of24. the monsoon crop in India is also	o known as	(11)
22. the biggest mammal23. Horticulture is the study of24. the monsoon crop in India is also25. the currency of Brazil	o known as	(11)
 22. the biggest mammal 23. Horticulture is the study of 24. the monsoon crop in India is also 25. the currency of Brazil 26. the first 3D film short in India 	o known as	(11)
 22. the biggest mammal 23. Horticulture is the study of 24. the monsoon crop in India is also 25. the currency of Brazil 26. the first 3D film short in India 27. inventor of television 		(11)
22. the biggest mammal 23. Horticulture is the study of 24. the monsoon crop in India is also 25. the currency of Brazil 26. the first 3D film short in India 27. inventor of television 28. expansion of KVPY 29.the poisonous gas present in cigation 30. If 12 +16=56, 20 +30=100, then	arette smoke	(11)
22. the biggest mammal 23. Horticulture is the study of 24. the monsoon crop in India is also 25. the currency of Brazil 26. the first 3D film short in India 27. inventor of television 28. expansion of KVPY 29.the poisonous gas present in cigs 30. If 12 +16=56, 20 +30=100, then 31. the capital of Vietnam	arette smoke	(11)
22. the biggest mammal 23. Horticulture is the study of 24. the monsoon crop in India is also 25. the currency of Brazil 26. the first 3D film short in India 27. inventor of television 28. expansion of KVPY 29.the poisonous gas present in cigation 30. If 12 +16=56, 20 +30=100, then	arette smoke	(11)

V. Define the following.

(15)

- 33. Write a short note about astronomer Astronomer?
- 34. write a short note about Sociologist?
- 35. who are radiographers?
- 36. Define epidemics and pandemics?
- 37. Define carnivorous plants with examples?